

Monoclonal Antibody Treatment: Three important steps to take if you suspect you have COVID-19*

Get Tested for COVID-19 right away



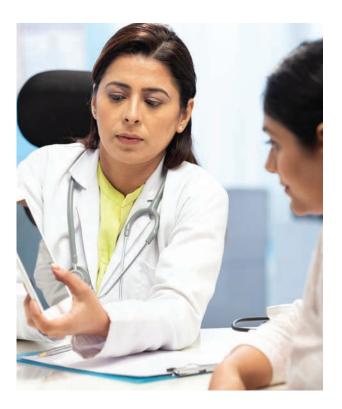
Positive Test



2 Understand Your Risk for severe illness**



3 Speak to Your Healthcare Provider about available treatment options that may help prevent severe illness if taken within 10 days of when symptoms begin.



Monoclonal Antibody Treatment may help you feel less sick and recover more quickly from COVID-19. Here are some questions to ask your healthcare provider:

- Am I a candidate for monoclonal antibody (mAb) treatment?
- Is there a facility you would recommend, or should we find one together? ***

Monoclonal antibodies help treat high-risk COVID-19 positive patients. When taken within 10 days of when your symptoms start, they can reduce your risk of getting sicker and needing to be hospitalized.

*People with these symptoms may have COVID-19: fever or chills, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches, headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting or diarrhea.

**Some high-risk conditions include: 65 years or older, being a current or former cigarette smoker, are overweight, have a chronic lung, heart or kidney disease, have diabetes, are pregnant or immunocompromised.

***The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services has a dedicated call center (1-877-332-6525) to answer questions and provide locations of therapeutic distribution centers. This information is also available on the HHS website.



For additional resources, visit Lung.org/treating-covid